

وأللَّه ٱلرَّحُمَٰوٰ ٱلرِّحِيمِ

By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

1. Ask they z you g a'n (regarding) the anfa'le1 (bonuses/war-يَسْعَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنفَالِ قُل ٱلْأَنفَالُ spoils); let-say [yous]: the anfalo (=anfa'le) (are) for Allah لِلَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولِ فَأَتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأُصِّلْحُواْ and the messenger; so ettago (let reverentially guard you? not to displease) Allah and let-reconcile you^z thata (the state of affairs) among you's; and let-obey you'z Allah وَرَسُولُهُ وَإِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمِنِينَ ١ and His messenger [too], en(if) you^c were believers. 2. Verily only the believers (are) who fif Allah (had been) إِنَّمَا ٱلَّمُؤْمِنُونَ ٱلَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ ٱللَّهُ mentioned shudd وَجِلَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَإِذَا تُلِيَتْ عَلَيْهُمْ ered-she^{y2} their hearts x (in-awe) and if (had been) recited-ءَايَبِتُهُ وَ زَادَتُهُمْ إِيمَانًا وَعَلَىٰ رَبُّهِمْ she y on them His Aya'tew (statements/messages/signs) augmented w them belief; and on their Lord they z trust. 3. Who you geymona (they up-to-fulfill the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer wand of what We provided them they z expend. 4. Those they (*are*) the believers, (*absolute*)-right⁴; for them (are) ranks w enda (by munificence of/by Rule of) their Lord and a forgiveness w and a rez'qonx (provision/-ذَرَجَئِتُ عِندُ رَبِّهِمْ وَمَغْفِرَةً وَرِزقَ victuals for sustenance) *kareemon⁵ (bounteous, ennobling and of multiple uses/effects). 5. Just-as exited you^g your^t Lord from your^t house by the right and verily a team of the believers surely (are) dislikers. 6. They z dispute you g in the right x after what (it x) manifested, as if only they a (are being) driven to the كَأُنَّمَا يُسَاقُونَ إِلَى ٱلْمَوْتِ وَهَمْ death while they look.

¹ The word "anfal" is plural of "nafeylah," linguistically speaking, a feminine gender noun, meaning "bonus" or "extra." However, the word came to be understood and referred to by many Qur'an commentators as "غنائم" = "booties." But, some insist that the "anfal" are the bonuses given above and beyond the normal or what is expected, hence the name. Some say such "anfal" were not legitimate for other people but Allah legitimized them for the Muslims, hence they are "bonuses."

² The word "توجل" means shuddered and awed the heart, see البصائر

The word "يقيمُونَ" is rooted in "أَقَامَ" upheld. linguistically" "means: "أَقَامَ" means: "أَقَامَ" أَدام، بمعنى أبقى أو استمرّ على دوام. والدوام هو الحضور في زمان و مكان معين، معروف لدى الحاضر مسبقا". So, "يقيمُون means they: (1) Uphold the prescribed obligations the Prayer. (2) Called or upped to perform the Prayer itself. Note: Prayer and how (itw) to be done was established and reveled by Allah. Hence people do not establish

Prayer they only uphold and follow, i.. perform, and maintain it^w.

4 The Arabic text says: "حق" not "حق". i.e. the word "عقيل مطلق", حقا" absolute objective noun, used for strengthening, indicating that such a right, and Allah knows best, is an emphatic right. See إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي.

⁵ The word "kareem" = "كريم" is a subjective, singular, masculine noun. It has no exact English equivalent, as explained at length in footnote 28 of the Introduction. Summarily it means bounteous and of multiple uses/effects.

7. And edh (when / since) promises you^b Allah ehda^w (lone / any-يَعِدُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ إِحْدَى ٱلطَّآبِفَتِين one) w (of) the ta'efa'tay'new (band/group/party) w6 surely [it^w] (is) for you^b; and you^z long⁷ to other than the thorn-possessor8 (to) be for you b; and Allah wants to right the right by His words w and [He] cuts off *da'bera*⁹ (*rear-most/last*) (*of*) the unbelievers. 8. To right the right and invalidate the falsehood and albeit disliked (it) the criminals. 9. Edh (when/since) tastaghetho (you z seek-help/rain of) yourⁿ Lord so [He] estajaba¹⁰ (favorably-answered) for you^b: surely I am supplying you by a thousand of the angels, successors. 10. And not made it Allah except a bushra (a pleasing-وَمَا جَعَلُهُ ٱللَّهُ إِلَّا بُشِّرَىٰ وَلِتَطْمَينَّ tiding) w11 [and] to tranquilize by it your hearts; and قُلُوبُكُمْ وَمَا ٱلنَّصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ not the triumph^x except from ende (by munificence of/by Rule of Allah; verily Allah (is) Mighty, Hakeemon¹² (infinite hekmah¹³ Possessor). 11. Edh (when/since) overlays you b the drowsiness x a security from Him; and [He] repetitively descends on youb from the sky water to purge 4 youb by it x and (to) undo [He] a'n (off) you b the Satan's rejza15 (successive: convulsive and perturbing torment), and to bind [He] on your hearts 16 and firms [He] by it the feet. w 12. Edh (when/since) reveals¹⁷ your Lord to the angels: surely I am with youb so let-firm you whom they believed; [I] will cast in the hearts (of) whom they believed;

⁶ The word "طافة" has many meanings, such as: piece, group (one to a thousand), portion, she-circumambulator. However, here "الطانفتين" means "العير" the caravan or the Quraysh people who mobilized to rescue or help Abu Sufyan against the Muslims. He headed a caravan enroute to Mekkah with all Ouraysh's merchandise.

⁷ The word "נְּבְּנִי" translated as "long you" means an earnest, heartfelt desire, especially for something beyond reach. That is to say: what many long for is *not* going to happen.

⁸ This "thorn-possessor" is yet another Arabic-tongue expression, meaning "the armed/fighting power" ones.
9 The Qur'anic phrase: "Then (had been) cut off da' bera (rear-most/last of) the people" = "فطع دابر القوم" is yet another of the lofty Arabic tongue expressions, meaning uprooted the peoples' rear-most, i.e. the last person = בוּאָנ of such people.

¹⁰ The word "استجاب" is answered plus made available what was requested, i.e. "favorably answered."

11 Here again there is no single word in English for the noun "پشری" so we resort to transliteration and parenthetical explanation. So, bushra (a pleasing-tiding). And "پشری" unlike its verbal conjugates, throughout The Qur'an always uses it for the "khayrey" (desirables, goodnesses, worthinesses).

[&]quot; حكيم" and "الحكيم" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words

¹³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

14 That is to "purge" you from "janabah" "silve" or the "great incidence," as opposed to the "lesser incidence" when one breaks his "wodho'd"= cleansing for Prayer performance. See attached Lexicon for this Translation.

¹⁵ The word "جْذ" has several meaning: successive: convulsive and perturbing torment. Also it includes Satan's whisper, sin, offense, and idol or worship of idols. See اللسان.

¹⁶ The expression "to bind [He] on your hearts," is figurative Arabic tongue expression meaning: gave patience and strengthened

[&]quot;is rooted in "وحى أو أوحى" which denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: "يوحي" gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded). And "الوهي is fire or king. See اللسان

unbelieved the dread, so let-strike you^z over the necks ٱلرُّعْبَ فَٱضْرِبُواْ فَوْقَ ٱلْأُعْنَاق wand let-strike you^z of them every fingertip¹⁸. وَأَضِّرِبُواْ مِنْهُمُ كُلُّ بِنَانِ 🝙 13Tha'leka(afar-that-it/)x,(is) because verily they, mutually ذَالِكَ بِأُنَّهُمْ شَآقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُۥ they z contended Allah and His messenger; and whoever [he] mutually contends Allah and وَمَن نُشَاقِق ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ فَإِن فَإِن ٠ كَ messenger, so surely Allah (is) severe (in) the punishment. 14. Tha'lekum (collective-afar-that) x so let-taste it x you z; and verily for the unbelievers (is) The Fire's torment. 15. O you who^r they^z believed: if met/encountered you^c يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤاْ إِذَا لَقِيتُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ whom unbelieved they marching then let-not turn/-زَحْفًا فَلَا تُولُوهُمُ ٱلْأُدْبَارَ اللهُ diverge you^z to them the *adba'ra* (rears). 16. And whoever [he] turns/diverges (to) them then-day his dobora (rear), except (as) a shifter/maneuverer for مُتَحَرِّفًا لِّقتَالِ أَوْ مُتَحَيِّزًا إِلَىٰ فِعُةٍ a fight or a swerver/incliner to a fe'atenw (band/ party-/group) w, then gad (already and affirmatively) ba'a ([he] فَقَدْ بَآءَ بِغَضِّبِ مِّ ﴿ ﴾ الله وَمَأُولُهُ deservedly incurred) by a wrath from Allah and his مُ وَبِئِسَ ٱلْصِيرُ ﴿ abode/lodging(is)Hellwandwretched(is) the destiny. 17. So not killed them you^z [and,] but Allah killed them; فَلَمْ تَقَتُّلُوهُمْ وَلَكِ ؟ أَللَّهُ قَتَلُهُمْ and not threw you^g edh (when/since) you^g threw, [and,] رَمَيْتَ إِذَّ رَمَيْتَ وَلَبِكِ بُ but Allah threw; and to essay the believers from وَلِيُبْلِيَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ مِنْهُ بَلَّآءً Him an essay hasanan (ultimate meritorious deed); verily Allah (is) Sameeon (Acute-Hearer, Enabler of others to إربَّ آللهُ سَمِيعُ عَلِيمٌ ﴿ hear/favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient. 18. Tha'lekum (collective-afar-that) x and surely Allah (is) enervator (of) the unbelievers' scheme. 19. En(if) tastaftaho'¹⁹ (you^z seek: opening/overwhelming victory) فُقُدُ so *gad*(already and affirmatively) came (to) you^b the fathom²⁰ وَإِن تَنتُواْ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُّ (opening); and en desist you z, then it x (is) khayron (choicer/worthier) for you b; and en you revert [We] وَإِن تَعُودُواْ نَعُدُ وَلَن تُغَيِّى عَنكُرُ اللهِ revert²¹; and never enriches²² a'n (off) you b your fe'atow فِئَتُكُمْ شَيُّعًا وَلَوْ كَثُرَتْ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَ (band/party/group)w23 a thing, and albeit swelledw [itw] المُؤمِنِينَ 🏐 and verily Allah (is) with the believers.

²³ That is the party of the unbelievers (the polytheists).

means the fingertip or the finger on the basis of calling the whole by its part, i.e. to strike every part of their bodies. Also "بنان" could mean place of abode, so it could mean strike them in every abode.

19 The word "ستفتعوا" means you seek the opening i.e. overwhelming victory.

²⁰ By way of sarcasm the mushrekeen (polytheists) were seeking victory by saying: "(O, Allah): if was this, it (is) the right^x from endaka (springing from You, by Your Rule), then [You] rain down on us stones from the sky^w or come [You] (to) us by a painful torment," as stated in Ayah 32 of this Surah, so Allah answered them by saying: "came to you^x the opening (overwhelming victory)." So word "less" "e" overwhelming victory, i.e. victory, besting and rule" see ²¹ That is if they revert to fight the Muslims Allah will then revert to help the Muslims to defeat them again.

²² The word "site" has double meanings: (1) enriches, (2) suffices. But "enriches" includes suffice and not vice versa. As "enriches" makes rich or richer, makes fuller, more meaningful, or more rewarding whereas "suffices" meets the present needs of a specific task. Hence "enriches" is superior.

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20. O you who ^r they ^z believed let-obey you ^z Allah and His messenger and let-not divert you ^z <i>a'n</i> (off) him while you ^f hear ²⁴ .	يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِيرَ ءَامِنُوَا أَطِيعُوا ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولُهُ وَلَا تَوَلُّواْ عَنْهُ وَأَنتُمْ تَسْمَعُونَ ﴿
21. And let-not be you ^z like who ^r said they ^z : we heard while they hear not.	وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ سَمِعْنَا وَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ ۞
22. Verily the evilest of the <i>dawabbe</i> (<i>she-moving-creatures</i>) enda (by Rule of) Allah (is) the ssommo (deaf people), the bokmo ²⁵ (born dumb-mute people), who rnot reason they.	 إنَّ شَرَّ ٱلدَّوَآتِ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلصَّمُ اللَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ شَ
23. And had Allah knew in them <i>khayran</i> (<i>worthiness</i> / <i>goodness</i> / <i>desirables</i>) surely [He] (<i>would have made</i>) them hear, and if [He] (<i>had made</i>) them hear, surely (<i>would have</i>) diverted they ^z while they (<i>are</i>) shunners.	وَلَوْ عَلِمَ ٱللَّهُ فِيهِمْ خَيْرًا لَّأَسْمَعَهُمْ وَلَوْ عَلِمَ ٱللَّهُ فِيهِمْ لَتَوَلَّواْ وَهُم مُعْرِضُونَ هَ
24. O you who r they believed: estajeebo ²⁶ (let-compliantly-answer you r) for Allah and for the messenger if [he] summoned you for what vivifies you and let-know you that Allah interposes between the mar'ee ²⁷ (mature-/perfect manliness possessor) and his heart and verily to Him you (shall be) thronged.	يَتَأَيُّنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ٱسَّتَجِيبُوا لِلَّهِ وَلِلَّاسُولِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ لِمَا شَّحَييكُمْ وَالْكَمْ لِمَا شَّحَييكُمْ وَاعْلَمُولُ بَيْرَنَ اللَّهَ شَخُولُ بَيْرَنَ اللَّهِ تَحْشُرُونَ اللَّهُ تَعْشُرُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّلَمُ الللْمُ اللللِهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُو
25. And ettaqo (let reverentially guard you ²) an essay not assuredly betides whom dhalamo ²⁸ (they ² wronged) of you ^b particularly; and let-know you ² that Allah (is) severe (in) the punishment.	وَٱتَّقُواْ فِتْنَةً لَّا تُصِيبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مِنكُمْ خَاصَّةً وَٱعۡلَمُوۤاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَابِ
26. And let-remember you z edh (when/since) you f (were) a few musta'dh'afoona ²⁹ (you z being deemed weaklings) in the land w you z fear that abduct/snatch you b the mankind, then [He]: lodged/retreated you b and [He] supported ³⁰ you b by His succor and razaga ([He] provided) you b of the goodies w31 la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you b thank youz.	وَاَذْكُرُوَا إِذْ أَنتُمْ قَلِيلٌ مُسْتَضْعَفُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ تَحَافُونَ أَن يَتَخَطَّفَكُمُ ٱلنَّاسِ فَعَاوَلَكُمْ وَأَيْدَكُم بِنَصْرِهِ وَرَزَقَكُم مِّنَ وَرَزَقَكُم مِّنَ الطَّيْبَتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ هَ
27. O you who ^r they ^z believed let-not betray you ^z : Allahand the messenger and ³² betray you ^z your ⁿ amana'te ^{w33} (entrustment duties obligations) ^w while you ^z know.	يَتَأَيُّهُا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تُخُونُوا ٱللَّهَ وَٱلرَّسُولَ وَتَخُونُوا أَمَسَنِتِكُمْ وَأَنتُمْ تَعَلَّمُونَ ﴿

25 The words "صمم، بكم" are plural nouns while their closest English corresponding equivalents are adjectives and so no plural for either except to associate the respective word with a plural noun people. Hence, my transliteration.

²⁴ That is you "hear" The Qur'an, the messenger speaking, or his exhortations.

²⁶ The word "يستجيبو" is rooted in "استجاب," meaning: favorably/ compliantly answered, not just answered. See يو, الإذ أسان =the human في الرجل = 27 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the differences between: the man person = المرء the mar'o = المرء, being the mature/perfect manliness possessor. Although in English the word "one" seems to be an acceptable approximation for "المرع"," the Lexicon explains why we cannot use this seemingly acceptable way.

²⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "فاعل الظلم"="فاعل الظلم"="injustice-doer" and "خلام" "wronged."

²⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the effect of the letter when added to a word.

³⁰ The word "اينكم" comes from the "اينك" which is that "(divine) Might," as in the Ayah: "And the Heaven We built it by (divine) Might" (\$551: 47), a kind of "Might" which Allah alone possesses.

31 The word "طيبات" = "goodies" = "goodies, w"= a feminine gender means anything delectable and legitimate.

32 The reader should note that the Arabic is "ماناتكم" with a "kasrah" not a "fathah" on the "ت" أماناتكم indicating that there is an omitted في المعية أو المصاحبة "ق" is "عربات المعادة أو المصاحبة "ق" is "غربات المعادة" و المعية أو المصاحبة "ق" = the simultaneity or concomitance, meaning you betray not Allah and the messenger and your amanat.

³³ See the Lexicon for this Translation for this very important and hefty word, however in this context and Allah knows best, it is the religious duties and obligations.

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وَأَعْلَمُواْ أُنَّمَا أُمُّوالُكُمْ وَأُولُنِدُكُمْ 28. And let know you^z: that only yourⁿ possessions and children (are) an essay^{w34}, and verily Allah has a great فتُّنَةٌ وَأَرِ ٠ ﴾ ٱللَّهَ عِندَهُ رَ أُجُّرٌ عَظِيمٌ remuneration. 29. O you who they believed: en(if) tattago (you reverentially يَنَأَيُّنَا ٱلَّذِيرَ ءَامَنُوۤاْ إِن تَتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ guard not to displease) Allah, [He] makes for you^ba criterion يَجُعُل لَّكُمْ فُرْقَانًا وَيُكَفِّرْ عَنه and [He] expiates a'n (off) you b your n sayye'aa'te w سَيِّعَاتِكُمْ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ (demeritorious-deeds)w and [He] forgives for you b; and Allah (is) possessor (of) the munificence the great. ٱلْفَضْلِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ 🗂 30. And edh (when/since) machinate by you^g who^r they^z وَإِذْ يَمْكُرُ بِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِيُثْبِتُوكَ unbelieved to restrain³⁵ you^g they^z or [to] kill you^g أُو يَقْتُلُوكَ أُو تُخُرِّجُوكَ ۚ وَيَمْكُرُونَ they or [to] exit youg they; and they machinate and وَيَمْكُرُ ٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ خَيْرُ ٱلْمَكِرِينَ Allah machinates, and Allah (is) khayro (choicer/*superior/worthier*) (*of*) the machinators. 31. And if (to be) recited on them Our Aya'tew (Our'anic وَإِذَا تُتَّلِّىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَايَئتُنَا قَالُواْ قَدْ statements) said they2: gad (already and affirmatively) we سَمِعْنَا لَوْ نَشَآء لَقُلْنَا مِثَّلَ هَاذَآ heard;if³⁶we will surely (we could have) said like this; en إر : هَاذَ آلِاً أُسَاطِيرُ ٱلْأُولِينَ اللهُ (not) this except fables (of) the [firsts] (ancients). 32. And edh (when/since) said they: ^z Allhumma³⁷ (O, وَإِذْ قَالُواْ ٱللَّهُمَّ إِن كَارِبَ هَيْذَا هُوَ Allah): en (if) was this, it x (is) the right x from endaka مِنْ عِندِكَ فَأُمْطِرُ عَلَيْنَا (springing from/by Rule) (of) You^g, then let-[You^s) ill-مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ أو rain* on us stones from the sky or ea'teena (let-[Yous] betide/come to us) by a painful torment. 33. And not [was] Allah to torment them while you^s (are) وَمَا كَارِبَ ٱللَّهُ لِبُعَذَّ in them; and not [was] Allah tormenting them while فِيهِمْ وَمَا كَارِنَ ٱللَّهُ مُعَذِّبُهُمُ they yastaghferona³⁸(they⁷ seek-forgiveness)[from Allah]. 34. And what (is) for them that not Allah torments them while they z repel a'n (off) The Mosque x The دُّورِبَ عَنِ ٱلْمُشْجِدِ ٱلْحُ Sacred, and they were en (not) its aw'leya³⁹ (guardians-وَمَا كَانُواْ أُولِيآءَهُرَ ۚ إِنَّ أُولِيَآؤُهُرَ /allies); not its x aw'leyao (= aw'leya) except the muttagoona إِلَّا ٱلْمُتَّقُونَ وَلَكِئَّ أَكُثُرُهُ (the reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure), [and,] but most (of) them know not. 35. And not [was^x] their prayer^w enda (at/by)The House^x except a whistling and a clapping, so let-taste you the torment by what you^c were unbelieving you^z. 36. Verily who r unbelieved they z, they z expend their

³⁴ See the Lexicon for this Translation for a fuller definition of this very multifaceted meaning.

³⁵ That is to imprison you.

³⁶ The particle "4" since it is a *future-connected* verb, probable to occur and *not* sure it's a present occurrence, such a "لو "amounts to "if" or "when.' See منتي اللبيب، ابن هشام amounts to "if" or "when.' See اللبيب، ابن هشام "amounts to "if" or "when.' See منتي اللبيب، ابن هشام "imeans a call of invoking/supplicating/beseeching Allah.

*The word "مطر" is always for the ill or evil consequences, whereas "مطر" for the good result. See الراغب.

³⁸ The word "يستغفرون" = ''يستغفرون" = "they seek forgiveness." In English there is no seemly way to say: "يستغفرون" per se. So I settled for saying: "they seek forgiveness."

³⁹ The word "أولياء" could also mean: friends, protectors.

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possessions to repel a'n (off) Allah's path, so they z shall expend it w; afterwards it w is/be on them hasratan^{w40} (ardent contrition) w; afterwards they z (shall be) worsted; and who r unbelieved they z to Hell w (they *shall be*) thronged.

- 37. To distinguish Allah the khabeetha^x (wicked/bad/illnatured) from the good and makes [He] the khabeetha some of it on some, then [He] heaps them together, then [He] makes/emplaces itx41 in Hellw; those, they (are) the losers.
- 38. Let-say [yous] for whom unbelieved they : en(if) they cease, (it shall be) forgiven for them what gad (already and affirmatively) antedated, and en they z return then qad (already and affirmatively) proceeded w the dispensation^{w42} (of) the [firsts] (ancients).
- 39. And let-mutually fight them you' so-that not (there) be w a fetnaton (unbelief/tumult) w and the religion x all (of) it x be x for Allah; so en (if) they z desisted then verily Allah by what they work (is) Basseeron (keen: Seer-comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).
- 40. And en (if) they z diverted, then let know you z that only Allah (is) your Guardian, ne'ama (most excellent) (is) the Guardian and ne'amathe Na'sseero (iterative-Succorer).
- 41. And let-know you z that only (what) you c bootynetted of a thing^x so surely for Allah (is) its^x fifth and for the messenger and for the kin possessors and the orphans and the poor⁴³ and son (of) the path (the wayfarer), en(if) believed you^c were by Allah and what We descended on Our abde⁴⁴ (a slave) the Criterion's Day, day met the ja'm'aa'ne (the twain opponent: hosts/multitudes), and Allah over every-thing (is) Omnipotent.
- 42. Edh (when/since) you f (were) by the valley's [the] hither bank and they (were) by the valley's the uttermost bank; and ar-rak'bo (the envoy/caravan) (is) lower than you^b; and had you^c mutually promised (each other) surely (would have) differed you c in the

مَّا قُدُ سَلَفَ وَإِن يَعُودُواْ فَقَدّ

مْ حَتَّىٰ لَا تَكُورِ أَى فَتُنَدُّ كُونَ ٱلدِّينُ كُلُّهُ ﴿ لِلَّهِ ۚ فَإِر ﴿ لِ آنتَهُوٓاْ فَإِرِيَّ ٱللَّهَ بِمَا يَعْمَلُورِيَ

وَإِن تَوَلُّواْ فَٱعۡلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَوۡلَىكُمۡ نِعْمَ ٱلْمَوْلَىٰ وَنِعْمَ ٱلنَّصِيرُ

 وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّما غَنِمْتُم مِن شَيْء فَأَنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِي وَٱبْرِ . لَاسَّبِيلِ إِن كُنتُمْ ءَامَنتُم بٱللَّهِ وَمَآ أُنزَلْنَا عَلَىٰ عَبْدِنَا يَوْمَ ٱلْفُرْقَانِ يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلْجَمْعَانِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْء قَدِيرٌ هَ

⁴⁰ The word "مسرة" is "أشد النَّدم" see النَّاج see النَّاج. Thus we qualify the word "contrition" by ardent to indicate such strength

⁴¹ Once the wicked is heaped ("some of it on some"), then the whole heap is set to Hell.
⁴² The word "dispensations"="سَنِّ" plural for "سَنِّ" also it means the "laws" or "ordinances."
⁴³ For the words "فقراء" versus "فقراء", see the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the distinction. The word "poor" stands for the singular or the plural, although some time for the plural: "poor-people."

⁴⁴ The word "abde" = "slave," the denotation of this word is vastly paradoxical with respect to Allah vis-à-vis the humans. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an elaboration.

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appointment; [and,] but to finish Allah a matter [was] *mafoolan*⁴⁵(*that which is inevitably done/fulfilled*), to perish who^p [*he*] perished because⁴⁶ (*of*) an evidence^w and lives who^p [*he*] lived because (*of*) an evidence^w; and verily Allah surely (*is*) Sa'meeon (Acute-Hearer/Enabler of others to hear/-favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient.

لَاّخْتَلَفْتُمْ فِي ٱلْمِيعَىدِ أُ وَلَكِنَ لِيَعْدِ أُ وَلَكِنَ لِيَقْضِى ٱللَّهُ أَمْرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولاً لِيَهْلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيْنَةٍ وَيَحْيَىٰ مَنْ حَى عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ أُ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَسَمِيعً عَلِيمً ﴿

43. Edh (when/since) Allah shows you g them in your t mana'me (sleep-vision/sleep) a few, and had [He] evinced you g them many surely (would have) faltered you c and mutually altercated you c in the matter; [and,] but Allah saved; verily He, (is) Omniscient by (what) the chests possess.

ذْ يُريكَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ فِي مَنَامِكَ قَلِيلًا وَلَوْ أَرَنكُهُمْ ٱللَّهُ فِي مَنَامِكَ قَلِيلًا وَلَوْ أَرَنكُهُمْ كَثِيرًا لَّهَ شَلْتُمْ وَلَتَنَازَعْتُمْ فِي ٱلْأَمْر وَلَنكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَلَّمَ إِنَّهُ وَلِيكُرْبِذَاتِٱلطُّدُورِ اللَّهَ سَلَّمَ أَنْهُ وَرَائِلُهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ

44. And *edh* (*when/since*) [*He*] shows you be them *edh'e eltaqaytom*(*met/encountered you*^c)in your eyes a few and [*He*] lessens you be in their eyes so that Allah finishes a matter [was] *mafoolan*⁴⁸ (*that which is inevitably done/fulfilled*), and to Allah (*is to be*) returned the matters.

إِذْ يُرِيكُمُوهُمْ إِذِ ٱلْتَقَيْتُمْ فِيَ أَعْيُنِهِمْ أَعْيُنِهِمْ لِيَكُمْ قَلَيْكُمْ فِيَ أَعْيُنِهِمْ لِيَقْضِيَ ٱللَّهُ أُمْرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولاً لَي اللهِ تُرْجَعُ ٱلْأُمُور هِي

45. O you who they believed if met/encountered you a fe'atan (military: band/party/group) then let-firm you and let remember you Allah multitudinously, la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you prosper you.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤا إِذَا لَقِيتُمُّ فِثَةً فَٱثَّبُتُوا وَٱذَّكُرُواْ ٱللَّهَ كَثِيرًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُورِ ﴾ ﴿

46. And let obey you^z Allah and His messenger and let not mutually altercate you^z then you^z falter and yourⁿ wind^w goes^w/departs^{w49}; and *issher* (*let-hold on patiently*) you^z; verily Allah (*is*) with the *ssabereena* (*they who have patience*).

وَأُطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولَهُ وَلَا تَنَنزَعُواْ فَتَفْشَلُواْ وَتَذْهَبَ رَجُحُكُرٌ ۖ وَٱصْبِرُوَاْ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَ ٱلصَّبرينَ ۞

47. And let-not be you^z like whom^r they^z exited from their homes ^w insolently and in ostentation (*to*) the mankind and they^z repel *a'n* (*off*) Allah's path and Allah by what they^z work (*is*) Surrounder.

وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَٱلَّذِينَ خَرَجُوا مِن دِيَرهِم بَطَرًا وَرِئَآءَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَيَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبيل ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطً ﴿

48. And *edh* (*when/since*) adorned for them the Satan their works and [*he*] said: no overcomeer for you^b today of the mankind, and verily I am a neighbor for you^b; then *lamma* (*when/whence*) mutually saw^w the *fe'ata'ne* (*two military: bands/parties/groups*) recoiled [*he*] on his both heels⁵⁰ and said [*he*]: verily I (*am*) a

وَإِذْ زَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلشَّيْطُنُ أَعْمَالَهُمْ وَوَقَالَ لَا غَالِبَ لَكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ مِرَ .. وَقَالَ لَا غَالِبَ لَكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ مِر .. النَّاسِ وَإِنِّي جَارٌ لَّكُمْ فَلَمَّا تَرَآءَتِ ٱلْفِئْتَانِ نَكَصَ عَلَىٰ عَقبَيْهِ وَقَالَ إِنِّي بَرِيَّ مِّنْكُمْ إِنِّيَ أَرَىٰ وَقَالَ إِنِّي بَرِيَّ مِنْكُمْ إِنِّ أَرَىٰ وَقَالَ إِنِّ بَرِيَّ مِنْكُمْ إِنِّ أَرَىٰ

⁴⁵ The word "mafoolan"= "مفعولا" is an objective, singular masculine noun, no English equivalent for it per se.

⁴⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding the various meanings of the preposition عن

اللسان See "المنازعة" و "المنازعة" و "المنازعة" الخصومة " الخصومة " المنازعة " المنازعة " المنازعة "

⁴⁸ See footnote 1903 above, for "mafoolan."

⁴⁹ Literally "your wind goes/ departs" = "تَذَهْبُ رِيحَكُم". "This is Arabic tongue expression, as victory comes through the wind, which Allah sends to accomplish the victory. It is stated in the Hadeeth that the Messenger (SAWS) said: "Iwas given victory by 'as-Saba' (an Easterly wind) and Aad was destroyed by 'ad-daboor' (a westerly wind).

50 The "recoiled he upon his heels" is an Arabic tongue expression, meaning drew backward without turning.

disclaimant/absolver⁵¹ (of myself) from you z, verily I أَخَافُ ٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ see what not you z see and that I fear/know 22 Allah شُديدُ ٱلْعقَابِ and Allah(is) severe(in) the punishment. ، لُ ٱلْمُنَافِقُونَ وَٱلَّذِينَ فِي 49. Edh (when/since) say the hypocrites, and who^r in their hearts an illness⁵³ deluded these, their religion; and هِم مُرضُ غُرٌ هَنَوُلآءِ دِينُهُمْ whoever [he] trust on Allah, then verily Allah (is) يَتُوَكِّلُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهُ Mighty Hakeemon⁵⁴ (infinite hekmah⁵⁵ Possessor). 50. And if⁵⁶ [you^s] see edh (when) yatawaffa (meet and receive while before dying) whom tunbelieved they the angels, they^z strike their faces and [their] rears and (say they): let-taste you^z the burning's torment. 51. Tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x, (is) by what advanced w your n ذَٰ لِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأُر ٠ َّ hands w57 and verily Allah (is) not dhallamen58 (injustice-لَيْسَ بِظُلُّمِ لِللَّعَبِيدِ ٢ *doer*) for the *abeede*⁵⁹ (*worshippers* / *submitters* / *slaves*). 52. As Pharaoh's aal'e (family/house/kin/chiefs/followers) wont/praxis and who r of before them unbelieved مِ كُفُرُواْ بِعَايَبِتِ ٱللَّهِ فَأَخَذُهُمُ they by Allah's Aya'te (miracles/signs/proofs) so took them Allah by their offenses; verily Allah (is) strong, بِذُنُوبِهِمْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ قُويٌّ شُدِيدُ severe (in) the punishment. 53. Tha'leka(afar-that-it/)x because verily Allah was not a ٱللَّهُ لَمْ يَكُ مُغَيِّرًا changer (of) a boon w60 an'amaha61 (graced it w [He] bounteously and ennoblingly/the most desirable and نِّعْمَةً أُنْعَمَهَا عَلَىٰ قُوْمٍ حَتَّىٰ يُغَيَّرُواْ delighting boons) on a people until they change what

[&]quot;. The word "بمعنی" أعل" بيرىء" In this case," بيرىء" masculine, singular noun." Thus, "disclaimant" in the sense of disclaiming what they do. In other words, he disclaims/absolves himself from such associations.

⁵² Linguistically the word "خفت" carries dual meanings: (1) feared and (2) knew. Both meanings could apply.

⁵³ The word "illness" disease of body or mind. That is in his "heart" a defect or a swerving to the wrong, or suffering from deficiency of good religious commitment to adhere to the right or do the right thing.

⁵⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for an exposition on the words "حكيم" and "حكيم"

⁵⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

[&]quot;.لو" See footnote 1893 above regarding.".

⁵⁷ The expression: "what put forth their hands" means what they did, themselves.

⁵⁸ The word "ظلام" means multitudinous injustice-doer. The negation of multitudinous injustice-doing is conclusively implies that even a once injustice-doing will not avail or befit Allah. That is because the injustice-doing to a party benefits the injustice-doer. That is to say the injustice-doer does his injustice to someone in order to benefit him-self. Hence, the multitudinous injustice-doing benefits a lot more. Therefore, negating the bigger benefits automatically negates the smaller one. Clearly Allah is exalted and is beyond any need. So He does not wrong at all.

⁵⁹ The word "عبد"="slaves, worshippers, submitters" means all Allah's creatures of humans or Jinn. So, if they are His "عبد" then no one else "owns" them, hence they are all free from any human bondage.

60 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the word "نعمة" the next best approximation in English for "is "boon." in fact there is no English equivalent per se for "sas" means: (1) a gender noun denoting the few and the multitudes of its various meanings, (2) salvation; (3) good condition all around; and (4) the aright-

⁶¹ The word "أنعم" in "أنعم" denotes five distinct ideas: (1) said: yes, (2) perfected the deed (being done), (3) did the most desirable and delighting deed, (4) was bounteous in giving, and (5) granted. There is no English word to express all the various ideas denoted by "bis." So, I think the best approximation is to say: granted perfectly and bounteously what is most desirable and delighting. The pronoun "ha" in "an'amaha" refers to the boon.

(is) by (i.e. within) their selves w; and verily Allah (is) وَأُرِبُّ ٱللَّهُ سَا Sa'meeon⁶² (Acute-Hearer/Enabler of others to hear/ favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient. 54. As Pharaoh's aal'e (family/house/kin/chiefs/followers) كَدَأْبِ ءَالَ فِرْعُوْنَ وَٱلَّذِينَ مِن wont/praxis and who r (were) of before them they z denied by their Lord's Aya'tew (signs/ proofs) then We perished them by their offenses and We drowned فَأُهْلَكُنَاهُم بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَأُغْرَقُنَآ ءَالَ Pharaoh's aala, (aal'e), and all were dha'lemeena63 (injustice-doers). فِرْعَوْرِ بَ وَكُلُّ كَانُو أَظْلِمِيرِ بَ 🝙 55. Verily the evilest (of) the dawabbe (she-moving-creatures) إِنَّ شُرَّ ٱلدُّوآتِ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّذِينَ enda (by Rule of) Allah, (are) who unbelieved they so they believe not. 56. Who r you g covenanted of them afterwards they z breach their covenant in each [once w] (time w) and they, not yattaqoona (they ? reverentially guard not to displease Allah). 57. So if [you^s] assuredly grab⁶⁴ them in the war, then sharred⁶⁵ (let-you^s deterrently-disperse) by them whom ^p (is) behind⁶⁶ them, la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) they yadhdhakkarona (repetitively-reminisce). 58. And if [yous] assuredly⁶⁷ fear of a people a treachery, وَإِمَّا تَخَافَر ﴾ مِن قَوْمِ خِيَانَةَ فَٱنَٰبِذَ so anbeth (let-forsake/abandon [yous]) to them on a sawa مَّرْ عَلَىٰ سَوَآءِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ لَا يُحِ (mutual equality); verily Allah loves not the traitors. يَحَسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ 59. And let-not assuredly reckon who unbelieved they surpassed⁶⁸ (*Us*) they^z verily they enfeeble⁶⁹ not. مُ لَا يُعْجِزُونَ 📾 60. And let-prepare you^z for them what you^z could of force and of the steeds reba'tte (mooring myriads of steeds), you z terrify⁷¹ by it x (i.e. the preparedness x) Allah's foe⁷² and your ⁿ foe; and others of lesser than/excluding them not know them you^z, Allah knows them; and whatever you z expend of a thing in Allah's path, (it is to be) fulfilled⁷³ to you^b while you^f ليكم وأنتُم لَا تُظْلَمُ (are) not todh'lamoon a^{74} (to be wronged you^z).

⁶² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word = "المسيع". "ألفين" " "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice." See footnote 148 below.

64 The word "الفلا" "خقف من سندف" which stands for several meanings: (1) met, (2) grabbed, (3) sighted due to sharp vision by the seer, that is "غلو به "خطو به "خ

⁶⁶ That is, those who are in the same disposition.
67 This "assuredly" is to intensify the word "fear," as the Arabic is "تخاف" not "خافن" The word "surpassed" here means escaped Allah's penalty.

⁶⁹ Similarly, "enfeeble" here means: they are unable to weaken Allah's design to penalize them.
70 The word "rebatt" "has many meanings, among them: posting for Jehad a group of five horses and above. ⁷¹ To "terrify" means to fill with intense fear or overwhelm with fear and thus win without a fight. Thus, such a measure is

to prevent war from happening in the first place.

The word "عون" from "الهادي meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole. "عوفي" meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole. So, "يوڤى" means to be endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation and fully fulfilled it.

61. And en (if) janaho (inclined they^z) for the peace^{w75} so ejnah وَإِن جَنَحُواْ لِلسَّلِّم فَٱجْنَحْ لَمَا (let-incline [you s]) for it w and let-trust [you s] on Allah; وَتُوكِلُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّهُر هُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ verily He, He (is) The Sa'meeo⁷⁶ (The Acute-Hearer/he Enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer to prayer), The Omniscient. 62. And en (if) they want to deceive you g then verily يدُوٓا أن تُخْدَعُوكَ فَإِنَّ your t sufficiency (is) Allah; He Who supported 18 هُوَ ٱلَّذِيَّ أَيُّدَكَ حَسْبَكَ ٱللَّهُ youg by His succor and by the believers. بنَصْرِهِ وَبِٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ 👚 63. And [He] attuned among their hearts, had you g وَأَلَّفَ بَيْرِكَ قُلُوبِهِمْ ۚ لَوْ أَنفَقُتَ مَا ۗ spent what (is) in the Earth w together not attuned فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا مَّآ أَلَّفْتَ بَيْرِ ﴾ you g among their hearts, [and,] but Allah attuned قُلُوبِهِمْ وَلَكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ أَلَّفَ بَيْنَهُمَّ among them; verily He (is) Mighty Hakeemon⁷⁹ (infinite hekmah⁸⁰ Possessor). إِنَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿ 64. O, you the Prophet, your sufficiency (is) Allah and يَتَأْمُّا ٱلنَّيُّ حَسِّبُكَ ٱللَّهُ وَمَن ٱتَّبَعَكَ who^p ettaba'a([he] closely-followed) you^g of the believers. مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٦ 65. O, you the Prophet: let-incite/urge [yous] the believers يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبُّ حَرّض ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى over the fighting; en(if) be of you^b twenty ssaberoona^x ٱلْقتَالِ إِن يَكُن مِّنكُمْ عِشْرُونَ (they who possess patience) x they (would) overcome two صَيرُونَ يَغُلِبُواْ مِأْثُتَيْنِ وَإِن يَكُن hundreds; and en be of youb a hundred they (would) overcome one thousand of whom unbelieved they, because verily they (are) people (who) not understand theyz. 66. Lo. Now lightened Allah a'n(off) you^b and [He] knew that in you b (is) a weakness; so en (if) be of you b a hundred w ssa'berraton w (they who possess patience) w they z (would) overcome two hundred and en(if) be of youb a thousand x they z (would) overcome two thousands x by Allah's leave, and Allah (is) with the ssa'bereenax (they who possess patience)^x.

⁷⁴ The word "wrongs" has myriads of meanings, among them: *curtails* or *diminishes*, as in this *Ayah*.

⁷⁵ That is they inclined to the concept" w/fact "/ idea" of (reconciliation, peace and submission) x.
76 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word = "المُسمِع".
77 The word "مُحسبِ لك أو كافيك من غيره، للواحد و التثنية و الجمع لانه مصدر" = في حسبك "حسب" Thus, " = the infinitive noun of the verb, making it standing for the strongest action of the verb.

⁷⁸ The word "أيَّد" from "أيُّد)" which is exclusively Allah's Might. Thus, anywhere in the Qur'an we meet "أيُّد" it is always a "support" from Allah alone, and no other entity could match, hence it is "divine." There is no English word to describe such "أَلِد" The word "support," obviously is not sufficient to indicate the implication of "أَلِد"

[&]quot; See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "حكيم" and "حكيم"

⁸⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

7 سورة الأنفال

67. Not [was] for a Prophet to be for him captives until youthkhena⁸¹ ([he] overwhelms and exhaustively weaken the enemy) in the land^w; you^z want the world's^w transient and Allah wants the Hereafter's w* and Allah (is) Mighty, Hakeemon⁸² (infinite hekmah⁸³ Possessor).

مَا كَانَ لِنَهِى أَن يَكُونَ لَهُ َ أَسْرَىٰ حَتَىٰ يُثُونَ لَهُ َ أَسْرَىٰ حَتَىٰ يُثْخِرَ فِي الْأَرْضَ تُريدُونَ عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ يُريدُ الْآكَخِرَةَ عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ يُريدُ الْآكَخِرَةَ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿

68. Lawla (had it not been for) a book from Allah preceded surely massa (touched/betided) you^z in what you^c took a great torment.

لَّوْلَا كِتَنْبُ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ سَبَقَ لَمَسَّكُمُ فَيْ لَمَسَّكُمُ فَيْمَ آأُخَذْتُمُ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ هَ

69. So let-eat you of what gha'nema (booty-netted) you of goodly legitimate and ettaqo (let-reverentially guard you not to displease) Allah, verily Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

لَّكُلُواْ مِمَّا غَنِمْتُمْ حَلَلاً طَيِّبًا أَ وَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

70. O, you the Prophet, let-say [you^s] for whomever (are) in your hands w of the captives: en (if) knows Allah in your hearts khayran (worthiness/goodness-/desirables) youa'tey ([He] accords/allots) you^b khayran choicer/superior/worthier) than of what (had been) taken from you^b and [He] forgives for you^b and Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver), Raheemon(iterative mercy Giver).

اللَّهُ اللَّهُ قُل لِمَن فِي أَيْدِيكُم مِّرَ اللَّهُ فِي مِّرَ الْأَسْرَى إِن يَعْلَم اللَّهُ فِي الْأَسْرَى إِن يَعْلَم اللَّهُ فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ خَيْرًا مُولَّاكُمْ خَيْرًا مِّمَّا أَخِذَ مِنكُمْ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ أُ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ لَكُمْ أُ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ هَا عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ هَا عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ هَا عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ هَا اللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ هَا اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْلِّ الْمُؤْلِلْ الْمُؤْلِلْ الْمُؤْلِلْ الْمُؤْلِلْ لَمُنْ اللْمُؤْلُولُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الللْمُؤِلِي الْمُؤْلِمُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ

71. And en(if) they^z want your^t betrayal⁸⁴, so qad (already and affirmatively) betrayed they^z Allah of before, then [He] enabled [you^f] of them⁸⁵, and Allah (is) Omniscient, Hakeemon⁸⁶ (infinite hekmah⁸⁷ Possessor).

وَإِن يُرِيدُواْ خِيَانَتَكَ فَقَدْ خَانُواْ ٱللَّهَ مِن قَبْلُ فَأَمْكَنَ مِنْهُمْ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمً حَكِيمً ۞

¹ The word "أخن" linguistically means overwhelmed and prevailed. And "أخن" also means exaggerated in wounding the enemy. And "أخن" means weakened him. And "أخن means got a hold of, prevailed over and became the master over the territory. And in Hadeeth Aaeysha: "he liazangerated in my response to her until I confounded her. Thus, literally means got a hold of it, prevailed and became the master over its territory. At-Tabary, a noted Emam in the Tafseer of the Qur'an says for "أخن" means overwhelmed, prevailed over and gained mastery. Thus, this Ayah does not say "أخنتموهم" but says "hout says" that is got a hold of, prevailed over and became the master over their territory. Therefore, and Allah knows best "اتخنتموهم قتلا" must be taken for its linguistic implication and not necessarily to mean "اتخنتموهم قتلا" means exaggerate in the killing of the polytheists. In summary, based on the aforesaid, I think "نخنتموهم" mean took hold of, prevail over and continue to have mastery over the territory.

^{*} That is Allah wants for you (Muslims) the reward/recompense of the Hereafter. See تفسير البيضاوي

⁸² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "حكيم" and "حكيم".

⁸³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

⁸⁴ The expression "إن يريدوا خيانتك" = "if they want your betrayal," is open to two interpretations: (a) they want to betray you, or (2) they want you to betray. The correct interpretation in this great Ayah is (a).

⁸⁵ That is He empowered you over them.

⁸⁶ See Lexicon attached to this Translation for regarding "حكيم" and "حكيم"

⁸⁷ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

72. Verily who ': believed they and emigrated they and jahado⁸⁸ (they had earnestly exerted their utmost mental, physical and possessional efforts fighting/striving in Allah's cause) by their possessions and their selves w in Allah's path, and who I lodged/retreated they and succored they z those, some (of) them (are) aw'leyao89 (guardians/allies) (of) some; and who r believed they and not emigrated they not for you b of their guardianship of a thing until they emigrate; and en (if) istanssara⁹⁰ (they z sought succor of) you b in the religion then (it is) on vou b the succor, except over/on a people between youb and [between] them meetha-qon^x (ratified-covenant)^x; and Allah by what you^z work (is) Basseeron (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).

73. And who r unbelieved they some (of) them (are) aw'leyao⁹¹ (guardians/allies) (of) some, ella (unless) you ^z do it x92 takon (it w be) a fetna'ton (unbelief/tumult-/ subterfuge) in the land and a big corruption.

74. And who: believed they and emigrated they and jahado (they earnestly exerted their utmost mental, physical and possessional efforts fighting/striving) in Allah's path, and who ^rlodged/retreated they^z and they^z succored, those, they (are) the believers (absolute)-right⁹³, for them a forgiveness^w and a rez'gon^x (provision/victuals for sustenance) ^xkareemon⁹⁴ (bounteous/ennobling and of multiple uses/effects).

75. And who believed they from after and emigrated they z and jahada (they exerted their utmost mental/ physical and possessional efforts fighting in Allah's cause) with you b so those (are) of you b and the arham95 (maternal/paternal kins) possessors some (of) them worthier by some in Allah's Book, verily Allah by every-thing (is) Omniscient.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَبِهَدُواْ بَعْضُهُمْ أُوْلِيَآء بَعْضَ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ جرُواْ مَا لَكُمر مِّن وَلَنيَتِم مِّن وَإِن مِّيثُنِيُّ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﷺ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بَعْضُهُمْ أُولِيَآء بَعْض إِلَّا تَفْعَلُوهُ تَكُن فِتُنَةٌ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَبِهَدُواْ لِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاوَواْ وَّنَصَرُوٓاْ

مَعَكُمْ فَأُوْلَتِكَ مِنكُمْ لَ فِي كِتَنِبِ ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ

⁸⁸ The word "Jahado" = "جاهدو" = they earnestly exerted their utmost mental, physical, and possessional efforts fighting/striving in Allah's cause. However, the word "striving in Allah's cause. However, the word "is root word for "Jehad," which has several meanings: (1) stood fast to submit him/her self to Allah's criteria of prescription and proscriptions, i.e. according to the Sharey'ah Lan; (2) fought in the cause of Allah; (3) fought to defend the personal honor, property, relatives, home, or fellow Muslim.

⁸⁹ The word "أولياء" could also mean, among them: protector, friend.
90 The word "اولياء" = "البنوا نصركم" = "البنوا نصركم" = "البنوا نصركم" = "البنوا sought your succor." In English there is no seemly way to say: "[they] sought your succor."

[&]quot;أولياء" See footnote 1947 above regarding

⁹² That is you, as believers, ally yourselves with other believers.

⁹³ The Arabic text says: "حق" not "جق" i.e. the word "اجق" absolute objective noun, used for strengthening, indicating that such a right, and Allah knows best, is an emphatic right. See

⁹⁴ The word "kareem" = "צנאף" is a subjective, singular, masculine noun. It has no exact English equivalent, as explained in length in footnote 28 of the Introduction. Summarily: bounteous, ennobling and of multiple uses/effects.

95 The word "גבף" rooted in "גבף" which is "forgiveness, sympathy, and mercy" and rooted in all that is the "גבף" = "womb." Thus, one's relatives from the mother's side are "גבף," as they related through the same womb. See ולבום". However, stated in "לנבום" the "relatives" from the father's side". "iقارب" are also "לנבום"," i hence all maternal/paternal kins are "לנבום"." +